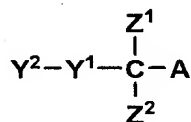


What is claimed is:

1. A photosensitive composition comprising an ethylenically unsaturated monomer, a photopolymerization initiator composition and a polymer binder, wherein the photopolymerization initiator composition contains a compound represented by the following formula (1):

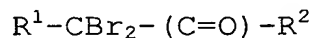
formula (1)



wherein Z^1 and Z^2 are each a halogen atom; A is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group or an electron-withdrawing group; Y^1 is $-\text{CO}-$ or $-\text{SO}_2-$; Y^2 is a substituent.

2. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the compound represented by formula (1) is a compound represented by the following formula (1-a):

formula (1-a)

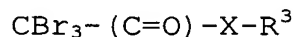


wherein R^1 is a hydrogen atom, a bromine atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group, an acyl group, an alkylsulfonyl group, an arylsulfonyl group or a cyano group; R^2 is a substituent,

provided that R^1 and R^2 may combine with each other to form a ring.

3. The photosensitive composition of claim 2, wherein the compound represented by formula (1-a) is a compound represented by the following formula (1-b):

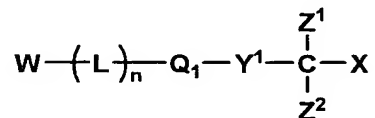
formula (1-b)



wherein R^3 is a substituent; X is -O- or -NR⁴-, in which R^4 is a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group, provided that R^3 and R^4 may combine with each other to form a ring.

4. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the compound represented by formula (1) is a compound represented by the following formula (2-1):

formula (2-1)

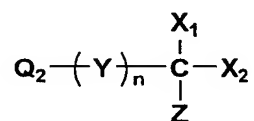


wherein Z^1 and Z^2 are each a halogen atom; X is a hydrogen atom or an electron-withdrawing group; Y^1 is -SO₂-; Q₁ is an arylene group or a divalent heterocyclic group; L is a linkage group; W is a carboxyl group or its salt, sulfo group

or its salt, a phosphoric acid group or its salt, hydroxyl group, quaternary ammonium group or a polyethyleneoxy group; n is 0 or 1.

5. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the compound represented by formula (1) is a compound represented by the following formula (2-2):

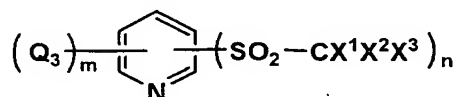
formula (2-2)



wherein X_1 and X_2 are each a halogen atom; Z is a hydrogen atom or an electron-withdrawing group; Y is $-\text{SO}_2-$; Q_2 is an alkyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group; n is 0 or 1.

6. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the compound represented by formula (1) is a compound represented by the following formula (2-3):

formula (2-3)



wherein Q_3 is an alkyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group; X^1 , X^2 and X^3 are each a halogen atom; m is an integer of 0 to 4 and n is an integer of 1 to 5.

7. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the photopolymerization composition contains a titanocene compound.

8. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the photopolymerization composition contains a monoalkyltriary-borate compound.

9. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the photopolymerization composition contains an iron arene complex compound.

10. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the photosensitive composition contains a dye exhibiting an absorption maximum at a wavelength of 350 to 600 nm.

11. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the photosensitive composition contains a dye exhibiting an absorption maximum at a wavelength of 350 to 450 nm.

12. The photosensitive composition of claim 7, wherein the photosensitive composition contains a dye exhibiting an absorption maximum at a wavelength of 350 to 450 nm.

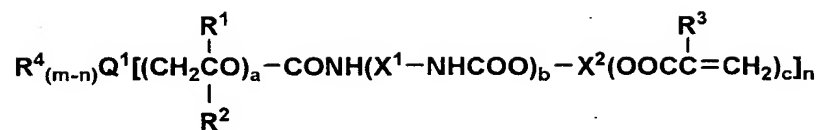
13. The photosensitive composition of claim 8, wherein the photosensitive composition contains a dye exhibiting an absorption maximum at a wavelength of 350 to 450 nm.

14. The photosensitive composition of claim 9, wherein the photosensitive composition contains a dye exhibiting an absorption maximum at a wavelength of 350 to 450 nm.

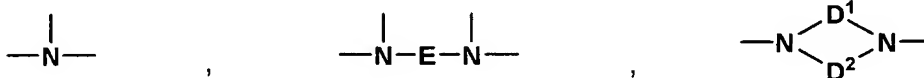
15. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the ethylenically unsaturated monomer is a reaction product of a polyhydric alcohol containing a tertiary amino group, a diisocyanate compound and an ethylenically unsaturated compound containing a hydroxy group.

16. The photosensitive composition of claim 1, wherein the ethylenically unsaturated monomer is a compound represented by the following formula (4) or (5):

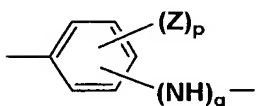
formula (4)



wherein Q^1 is



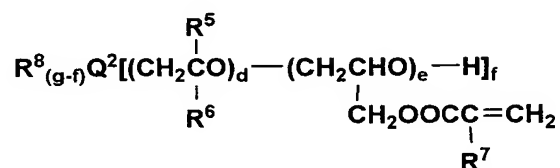
or $-S-$; R^4 is an alkyl group, a hydroxyalkyl group or an aryl group; R^1 and R^2 are each a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group or an alkoxy group; R^3 is a hydrogen atom, methyl or ethyl; X^1 is a divalent linkage group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms; X^2 is a divalent, trivalent or tetravalent group, or



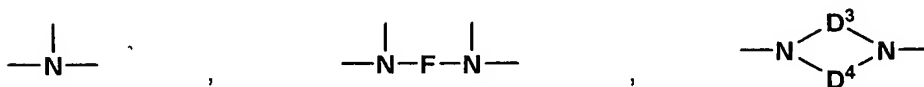
in which Z is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, aryl group, a halogen atom, an alkoxy group or a heterocyclic group; p is an integer of 1 to 4; q is an integer of 1 to 3; D^1 and D^2 are each a divalent linkage group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms; E is a divalent linkage group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms, an aliphatic group containing a 5- to 7-membered heterocyclic group containing one or two atoms selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, oxygen atom and sulfur atom, an arylene group

having 6 to 12 carbon atoms or a 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group; a is an integer of 0 to 4; b is 0 or 1; c is an integer of 1 to 3; m is an integer of 2 to 4, depending on the valence number of Q^1 ; n is an integer of 1 to m, provided that groups having the same definition may be the same or different;

formula (5)



wherein Q^2 is

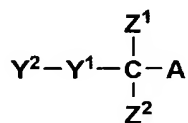


R^8 is an alkyl group, a hydroxyalkyl group or an aryl group; R^5 and R^6 are each a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group or an alkoxyalkyl group; R^7 is a hydrogen atom, methyl or ethyl group; D^3 and D^4 are each a saturated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms; F is a saturated hydrocarbon group having 2 to 12 carbon atoms, a 5 to 7-membered alicyclic group containing one or two of nitrogen atom, oxygen atom and sulfur atom, as a ring-forming member, an arylene group having 6 to 12 carbon atoms, or a 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group; d and e are each an

integer of 1 to 4; g is an integer of 2 to 4, depending on the valence number of Q^2 ; f is an integer of 1 to g, provided that groups having the same definition may be the same or different.

17. A photosensitive lithographic printing plate comprising a support having at least a hydrophilic surface and a photosensitive layer comprising an ethylenically unsaturated monomer, a photopolymerization initiator composition and a polymer binder, wherein the photopolymerization initiator composition contains a compound represented by the following formula (1):

formula (1)



wherein Z^1 and Z^2 are each a halogen atom; A is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group or an electron-withdrawing group; Y^1 is $-CO-$ or $-SO_2-$; Y^2 is a substituent.